Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1-8. (Canceled).
- 9. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid encoding the aprotein having the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 of claim 1.
 - 10. (Withdrawn) An isolated antibody recognizing the protein of claim 1.
- 11. (Withdrawn) A method of killing bacteria comprising administering the protein of claim 1 to a situs wherein killing of bacteria is desired in an amount effective to kill bacteria.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the protein is administered to a human or animal patient in need of such administration.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the protein is administered to a food product, a medical device, a medical examination setting, or an implant.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the bacteria killed is S. aureus.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the bacteria killed is MRSA.

- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the bacteria that are killed have 6-O-acetylated peptidoglycans in their cell walls.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the peptidoglycan is N,6-O-diacetylmuramic acid.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11 wherein the bacteria that are killed are selected from the group consisting of streptococci, tuberculosis and anthrax.
- 19. (Currently amended) A method of preparing the protein having the amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 of claim 1 comprising transforming the vector comprising the nucleic acid encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 into a host cell and culturing the host cell in a suitable medium for expressing and isolating said protein transferring a vector which contains nucleic acid coding for the protein of claim 1, and culturing the vector in a suitable medium so that the protein of claim 1 is expressed.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A method of reducing the immunogenicity or increasing the half-life of Chalaropsis Lysozyme comprising complexing it to glucosamine, followed by coupling it to PEG.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20 wherein the PEG is selected from the group consisting of single chain PEG and branched chain PEG.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20 wherein the glucosamine is selected from the group consisting of tetraglucosamine and heptaglucosamine.
 - 23. (Canceled).

- 24. (Withdrawn) An isolated N,O-diacetylmuramidase having at least three pairs of active amino acid residues including Asp 6 and Asp 194, Glu 33 and Glu 102, and Asp 98 and Glu 100, as numbered based on the original Chalaropsis sequence, or Asp 6 and Asp 190, Glu 33 and Glu 99, and Asp 95 and Glu 97, as numbered based on the corrected Chalaropsis protein according to claim 1
- 25. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising the N,O-diacetylmuramidase according to claim 24 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The muramidase of claim 24 which is selected from the group consisting of .beta.-1,4-N-acetylmuramidase and .beta.-1,4-N,6-O-diacetylmuramidase
- 27. (Withdrawn) A Chalaropsis Lysozyme having the atomic coordinates as set forth in Appendix A.
- 28. (Withdrawn) A method of treating or preventing a bacterial infection comprising administering the protein of claim 1 to a human or animal patient in need of such treatment in an amount effective to treat or prevent the infection.
- 29. (Withdrawn) A diagnostic kit for determining the presence of lysozyme Ch proteins in a sample suspected of containing such proteins comprising the antibody of claim 10, means to introduce the antibody to the sample, and a means for determining the presence of binding of the antibodies to the lysozyme proteins in the sample.

30. (Withdrawn) A diagnostic kit for determining the presence of antibodies to lysozyme Ch in a sample suspected of containing said antibodies comprising the protein of claim 1, means to introduce the protein to the sample, and a means for determining the presence of binding of the protein and antibodies to lysozyme Ch in the sample.